Title: Pepe's Problematic Pizzeria

Brief Overview:

This lesson introduces the concepts of patterns and functions by completing and writing rules for one-operation function tables.

During this unit, each student will work to assist the restaurant manager, Pepe, in the preparation of dinner service. Students will be presented with a series of tasks that require them to use their knowledge and application of patterns and one-operation function tables.

NCTM Content Standard/National Science Education Standard:

Understand patterns, relations, and functions:

• Represent and analyze patterns and functions, using words, tables, and graphs

Grade/Level:

Grade 4

Duration/Length:

Three class sessions, approximately 60 minutes per session

Student Outcomes:

Students will:

- Complete a function table using one-operation
- Describe the relationship that generates a one-operation rule

Materials and Resources:

Day 1

- Cooking apron, chef's hat, pizza pan, pizza box (items that may be used or placed on display to capture students attention and enjoy the 3-day theme)
- Transparency of Teacher Resource 1A and 1B (1 copy for teacher)
- Dry erase boards (1 for each student)
- Dry erase markers (1 for each student)
- Two of Everything by Lilly Toy Hong ISBN: 0-8075-8157-7 (1 book for teacher)
- "Magic Oven" Function Box (1 box for teacher)
 - o Teacher Resource 2 "Magic Oven Function Box Graphic" (1 copy for teacher)
 - See http://www.uen.org/Lessonplan/preview.cgi?LPid=18873 for directions to make a Function box. Click on "Function Box.pdf"

- Any variation of the function box will work (i.e. shoe box, cereal box, or kettle/pot)
- 20 index cards (approximately)
- Student Resource 1A-B "Function Flip" function cards and number cards (1 set cut out for every pair of students) *Copy function cards and number cards in different colors.
- Student Resource 2 "Pizza Slices" (1 set or as many as needed cut out for teacher)
- Student Resource 3 "Pepe Needs Your Help" (1 copy for each student)
- Teacher Resource 3 "Pepe Needs Your Help" Answer Key (1 copy for teacher)

Day 2

- Student Resource 4 "Pepe Prepares Pizzas" (cut, 1 half sheet for each student)
- Student Resource 5 Operation Pinch Cards (cut, 1 half sheet for each student)
- Dry erase board (1 for each student)
- Dry erase marker (1 for each student)
- Student Resource 6A- H "Solve and Switch" (1 set cut out)
- Student Resource 7 "Solve and Switch Enrichment" (1 copy for each student as needed)
- Student Resource 8 "Pepe's Desserts" (1 copy for each student)
- Teacher Resource 4 "Pepe's Desserts" Answer Key (1 copy for teacher)

Day 3

- Student Resource 6A-H "Solve and Switch" (1 set cut out from Day 2)
- Student Resource 9 "Time it Takes Pepe to Make Pizzas" (1 transparency OR 1 copy for each student)
- Student Resource 10A-D Missing Inputs Function Table
- Student Resource 11A-B "Sloppy Sauce Solutions"
- Teacher Resource 5A-B "Sloppy Sauce Solutions" Answer Key
- Student Resource 12A-B Summative Assessment
- Teacher Resource 6A-B Summative Assessment Answer Key (1 copy for teacher)

Development/Procedures:

Day 1

Pre-assessment

Make a transparency of Teacher Resource 1A and 1B and ask the students to write their answers on individual-sized dry erase and hold up their responses when prompted. Prompt the students to first identify the missing number, then prompt the students to identify the rule for the function table.

Answers:

- 1. Missing Number: 12; Rule: x + 1
- 2. Missing Number: 6; Rule: n-2
- 3. Missing Number: 9. Rule n x 3
- 4. Missing Number: 5; Rule $n \div 5$

o Engagement

Read the book, *Two of Everything*, to the students to introduce the concept of patterns and function tables. If time is limited, read at least through the first 7 pages. Ask students to consider what happens each time an item is placed in the pot.

Exploration

Tell the students that they have a job as an assistant to the restaurant manager at Pepe's Pizza. Pepe, the head manager, has several things to do to get ready for dinner service. Students will have the responsibility to help Pete solve his problems using their new knowledge and understanding of function tables. Example Function Card:

(front)	(back)
Input	Output
3	5

Present the class with the "Magic Oven" function box (Teacher Resource 2). Display the input card to the students to demonstrate that when an input card (the front) is inserted into the function box, the output card (the back) is produced. Display the output for the students. Following the theme of restaurant and food, you present the problem as, "If I put 3 pizzas into the "Magic Oven" and 5 pizzas come out, what is happening in the oven?"

Make 4 more input/output cards that follow the same rule of adding 2

- Input: 42 Output: 44; Input: 67 Output: 69; Input: 19 Output: 21; Input: 53 Output: 55
- When showing the fifth input card, show the input (53) and ask the students to work in groups to predict the output that follows the same rule.
- Provide ample time for the students to discuss their ideas with their group members.
- Ask students to share their predictions and explain their thinking.

o Explanation

Call on a group to share their thoughts and explain how or why they know their output is correct. Ask students what the rule is that helped them determine the output number. Ask groups to create their own input/output numbers that follow

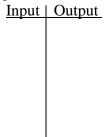
the same rule. Provide time to share and discuss responses with explanations. Invite other groups to share their thoughts and facilitate a class discussion.

Continue to explore the idea of the "Magic Oven" function machine with other rules and examples. Repeat the activity using other rules. Be sure to include at least 3 input/outputs to provide ample information for students to determine a rule.

Make index cards that follow other rules. Consider using the following rules:

- -x-8
- x + 10
- -x 100
- x + 25

As input/outputs are revealed, record the information on a function table on the chalkboard. Draw a function table template on the board and complete as each rule is worked out as a class. Be sure to include and model both vertical and horizontal templates.



What is the rule?

Input	
Output	

What is the rule?

Application

Students work in pairs to play "Function Flip" Student Resource 1A and 1B. Each pair needs a set of function cards and a set of number cards. Model one turn for the class before beginning the game.

Rules:

- Make two piles of cards: one pile of function cards and one pile of number cards (input). *Input cards and output cards should be copied on different colored paper.
- Player 1 flips over the top function card and the top number card (input).
- The first player to identify the output for the given input and function wins the round and takes the cards.

- Player 2 takes a turn flipping the function and number cards and game continues until all functions and inputs have been played or until you call time
- The player with the most cards is the winner.

Differentiation

Reteach

For students who are struggling with the numerical representation of input/outputs, use Student Resource 2 "Pizza Slices" for hands-on manipulatives. Provide the students with examples of input and outputs and ask them to determine the rule. If students are successful, ask them to come up with their own input and output that follow the same rule. (Note: Use smaller numbers with only addition and subtraction rules.)

 \bullet x-1

Suggested rules:

- \bullet x+4
- \bullet x-3
- \bullet x+2

Enrich

Have students play "Function Flip" but instead of drawing a number card that is the input, draw a number card that is the output. Students are required to identify the input that would work with the output and rule. Some output and rule pairings will result in a negative input. Tell students to either draw another card so that there is no negative input value or remove cards that may result in a negative input before playing.

o Assessment

Distribute Student Resource 3 "Pepe Needs Your Help". Students are asked to help Pepe solve two problems by using a rule to complete a function table. See Teacher Resource 3 "Pepe Needs Your Help" for the answer key.

Day 2

Engagement

Students individually complete Student Resource 4, "Pepe Prepares Pizzas" to review function tables from the day before. Review the answers together (K: 82, 1st: 95, 2nd: 88, 3rd: 106

Exploration

Using the Magic Oven Function box from Day 1, present students with input/output cards that utilize multiplication and division rules.

Example Function Card:

(front)	(back)
Input	Output
2	1 5
3	15

Make 4 more input/output cards that follow the same rule of multiplying by 5

Input: 3 Output: 15Input: 7 Output: 35Input: 4 Output: 20Input: 10 Output: 50

Show the fifth input card (10). Ask the students to work in groups to predict the output that follows the same rule. Provide ample time for the students to discuss their ideas with their group members. Ask students to share their predictions and explain their thinking.

o Explanation

Call on a group to share their thoughts and explain how or why they know their output is correct. Ask students what the rule is that helped them determine their output. Ask groups to create their own input/output numbers that follow the same rule. Provide time to share and discuss responses with explanations. Invite other groups to share their thoughts and facilitate a class discussion.

- Ask: What do you notice about the output when the rule is multiplication of whole numbers? (The output is always greater than the input.)
- Why do you think this so? (A product of two whole numbers is always equal to or greater than the two factors.)
- How can you relate this to the examples we did yesterday? (Multiplication is similar to addition because the outputs are always greater than the inputs when whole numbers are used.)
- Predict what the output will be compared to the input when a division rule is used with whole numbers? (The output will be less than the input.)
- How can you relate this to the examples we did yesterday? (Division is similar to subtraction because the outputs in our examples are less than the inputs.)

Continue to explore the idea of the "Magic Oven" function machine with other rules and examples. Repeat the activity using other rules. Be sure to include at least 3 input/outputs to provide ample data so that students can determine a rule.

Make index cards that follow other rules. Consider using the following rules:

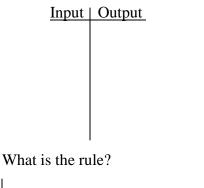
- n x 8
- $n \div 10$

 $n \div 4$

Input

As input/outputs are revealed, record the information on a function table on the chalkboard.

Draw a function table template on the board and complete as each rule is worked out as a class. Be sure to include and model both vertical and horizontal templates.



Output

What is the rule?

Prepare Student Resource 5 by copying on cardstock and cutting in half vertically. Distribute one pinch card, dry erase board, and dry erase marker to each student. Draw a function table on the chalkboard or chart paper and write the first input and output on the table.

Input	Output
2	6

Say: Using your pinch card, show me an operation that could possibly be used in the rule for this input and output (Answers: Addition or Multiplication). Discuss with students that there needs to be more inputs and outputs in order to determine a rule. Say: What is it about the relationship of the input (2) and output (6) that tells you the rule could involve addition or multiplication? (The output is greater than the input.)

o Application

Fill in the next input/output on the same table.

Input	Output
2	6
3	7

Say: Now that you have more information, use your pinch card to show an operation that could be used to make a rule. (*Addition*)

Say: For those of you who thought the first input and output followed a multiplication rule, what made you change your mind? (Multiplication works for $2 \times 3 = 6$ but you can't use the same rule to multiply by 3 for the input of 3 and output of 7.)

Add one more input to the same function table.

Input	Output
2	6
3	7
58	

Use the same rule and find the output when the input is 58. Write your answer on your whiteboard. (62) Invite students to choose their own input and apply the same rule to find the output and show it on their dry erase boards.

Draw another function table on the chalkboard or chart paper and write the first input and output on the table.

Input	Output
40	5

Say: Using your pinch card, show an operation that could possibly be used for the rule for this set of input/output. (Possible Answers: Subtraction or Division) Discuss with students that there needs to be more inputs and outputs in order to

determine a rule. Say: What is it about the relationship of the input (40) and output (5) that tells you the rule could involve subtraction or division? (The output is less than the input.)

Fill in the next input/output on the same table.

Input	Output
40	5
32	4

Say: Now that you have more information, use your pinch card to show an operation that could be used in the rule (Division). Say: For those of you who thought with the first input and output followed a subtraction rule, what made you change your mind? (Subtraction works for 40 - 35 = 5 but you can't use the same rule subtract 35 for the input of 32 and output of 4.) Invite students to choose their own input and apply the same rule to find the output. Ask for students to write their answer on their dry erase boards and share.

Prepare Student Resources 6A-H, "Solve and Switch" game by cutting on the dotted lines and folding on the solid lines. Distribute at least one game card to each student. Have students stand and pair up with a classmate. Partner #1 holds up the function table and partner #2 answers the missing outputs and identifies the rule. Partner #1 checks the answer found on the back of the card. After both students have answered the other's card, the students trade cards and pair up with someone else in the classroom. Students continue to circulate and answer other students' cards. Monitor students to determine which students would benefit from reteaching or enrichment.

Differentiation

Reteach

Pull students who struggled with the Solve and Switch game to a small group. Using the same Solve and Switch game cards one at a time, discuss with students how to first identify the rule by noting whether the outputs are greater than or less than the inputs. Model for students a "think aloud" about how to guess and check for the rule. Once the rule is determined, apply the rule to each of the missing outputs to answer the card.

After completing a few examples as a group, invite students to work with partners within that group to give more guided practice to answer a card. As students become more successful, invite students to work independently to answer a few cards.

Enrich

Pull students who have demonstrated an excellent understanding and have successfully applied their knowledge of function tables and rule identification throughout the lesson and successfully answered other students' cards during the Solve and Switch game. Distribute Student Resource 7 "Solve and Switch Enrichment," which requires students to create and complete their own function tables and create rules. Complete cards can be collected and used the following day as the Engagement.

Website for online practice (Optional): Function Machine Practice: Students can identify the input, output, or rule for given problems. Geared towards 3rd/4th grades. http://teams.lacoe.edu/documentation/classrooms/amy/algebra/34/activities/fu nctionmachine/functionmachine3 4.html

Assessment

Distribute Student Resource 8, "Pepe's Desserts". Students are asked to help Pepe solve two problems by using a rule to complete a function table. See Teacher Resource 4 "Pepe's Desserts" for the answer key.

Day 3

o Engagement

Distribute the Solve and Switch cards from Day 2. Include student-created Solve and Switch cards from enrichment activity if appropriate.

Exploration

Explain to students that Pepe carelessly spilled tomato sauce all over his function tables and has lost some of his information. Several inputs in his table have become illegible and he needs the students' help in completing the table so that his restaurant can run smoothly.

Display (or distribute) Student Resource 9, "Time it Takes Pepe to Make Pizzas." Say: Discuss with your partner how you can figure out what the missing numbers are. What is the rule? How do you know? Ask groups to share how they found the missing numbers (8,14).

Explanation

Use the Magic Oven Function Box to show the four inputs and outputs that follow a rule (Student Resource 10A). *All cards with the letter A on it follow the same rule. All cards with the letter B follow the same rule...etc.)

- 1. Show the input before placing it in the box and display the output as it comes out.
- 2. Decide which operation is used to make a rule.
- 3. Determine the rule for the table.

4. One of the input/output cards is missing an input. Explain to the students the process to find the missing input. Find the missing input by using the inverse operation of the rule. Example: What number when multiplied by 4 is 36? 9.

Continue the activity for each of the 4 rules (Student Resource 10B-D).

o Application

Say: Pepe has many function tables that got messy with tomato sauce and once again needs your help. Display transparency of Student Resource 11A-B, Sloppy Sauce Solutions. Students work in partners and use a dry erase board to display their answers. See Teacher Resource 5A-B Sloppy Sauce Solutions Answer Key.

o Differentiation

Reteach

For students who are struggling with the numerical representation of inputs and outputs, use Student Resource 2, "Pizza Slices" as hands-on manipulatives. Provide the students the first 3 input/outputs following a rule, and ask them to find the missing input with the given output.

Manipulate the pizza slices to show how the rule works to find missing inputs and outputs. By moving the pizza slices, students may be able to check and guess their work with the visual representation.

Input	Output
2	1
3	2
5	

Suggested rules:

- $\circ x-1$
- ox+4
- $\circ x-3$
- $\circ x + 2$

Enrich

Ableweb Function Machine

(httml) Allow students to select one or two step operations (above grade level). With one operation, students can choose to double, halve, add a single digit number, etc. During the game, students choose an input and use the rule to predict the output. Students can check their work and receive feedback.

*Teacher should choose appropriate level based on student ability.

Summative Assessment:

The students will be presented with three restaurant related questions to assess their understanding of function tables and rules. Distribute Resource 12A-B, Hamburger Heaven Needs Help. Students will identify a missing output, rule, and missing input within the context of multiple choice, fill in the blank, and BCR questions. See Teacher Resource 6A-B Summative Assessment for the answer key.

Authors:

Jenny Ryan Jacksonville Elementary Baltimore County Public Schools Elizabeth Wolff Scotts Branch Elementary Baltimore County Public Schools

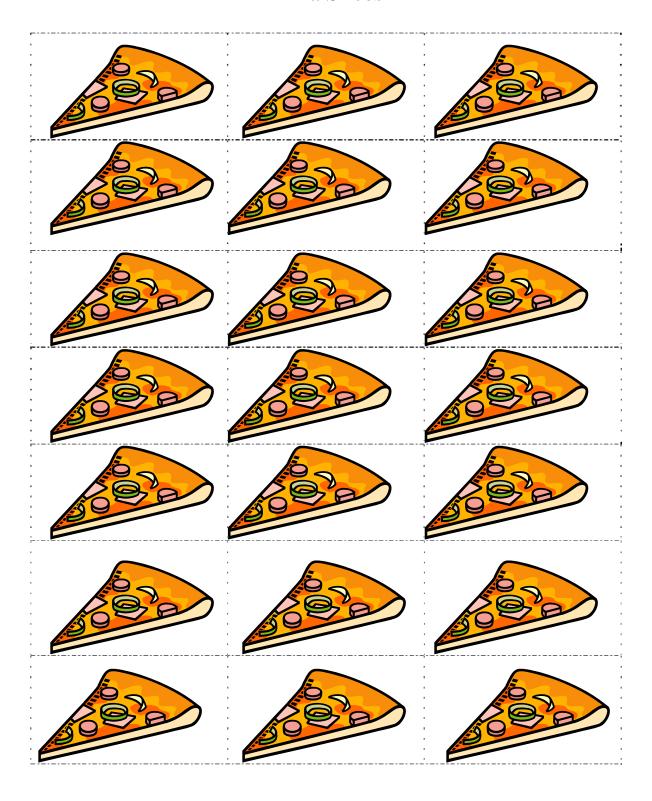
"Function Flip" Function Cards

x + 5	x - 10
x + 20	x - 15
x + 100	x - 50
x + 2	x - 5
x + 4	x - 20
x + 11	x - 2

"Function Flip" Number Cards

60	300
80	100
90	65
120	75
200	150
70	250

Pizza Slices



Pepe Needs Your Help!

1. Pepe offers "Five Dollars Off Fridays" for each check total. Calculate the new check totals after the discount is applied on the function table below.

Rule: Subtract 5

Check Total	Check Total with Discount
\$45	5 //
\$51	
\$57	
\$67	

2. Pepe always serves three more breadsticks than the number of customers seated at a table. Calculate the number of breadsticks needed for customer groups on the function table below.

Rule: Add 3

Number of Customers	Number of Breadsticks
7	
9	
10	
13	

Student Resource 4

Pepe Prepares Pizzas!

Name	

Pepe is making pizza for your school. He is making personal pan pizzas for each student in every class. He wants to be sure there are enough pizzas, so he plans to make 4 extra pizzas for each grade level.

What rule should Pepe use in his function table?

Use the rule to complete Pepe's function table.

Number of	(K)	(1 ^{s†})	(2 nd)	(3 rd)
students by				
grade level	78	91	84	102
Number of				
pizzas Pepe				
should make				

Pepe Prepares Pizzas!



Pepe is making pizza for your school. He is making personal pan pizzas for each student in every class. He wants to be sure there are enough pizzas, so

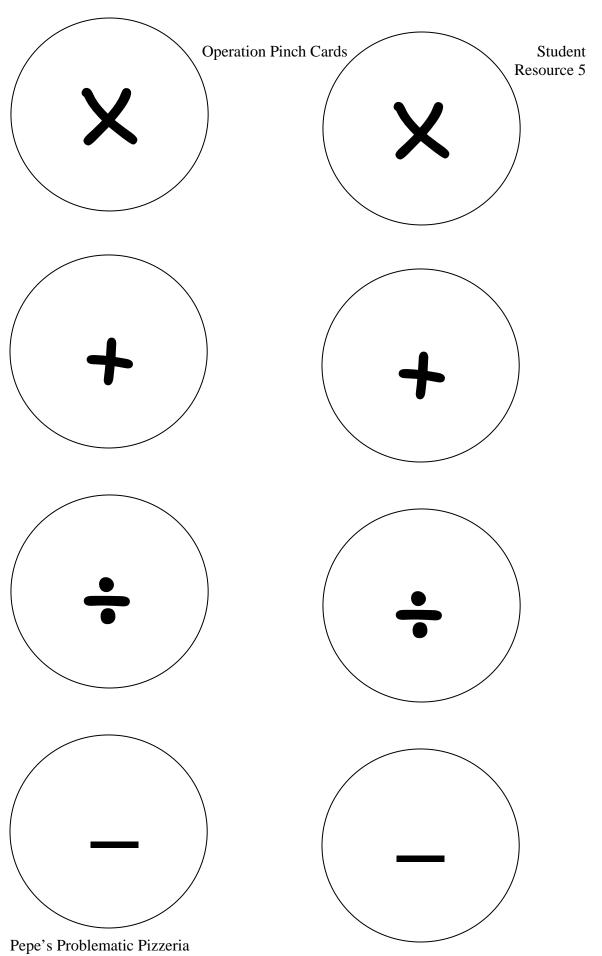
he plans to make 4 extra pizzas for each grade level.

What rule should Pepe use in his function table?

Use the rule to complete Pepe's function table.

Number of students by	(K)	(1 ^{s†})	(2 nd)	(3 rd)
grade level	78	91	84	102
Number of				
pizzas Pepe				
should make				

Name _____



Directions: Cut out each card on the dotted line then fold on the solid line. Students start with the

Directions: Cut out each card on the dotted line th	en fold on the solid line. Students start with the
<u>Solve</u> Input Output	İ
5 10	20; 28; 40
7 14	
8 16	Rule = Multiply by 2
10	
20	
A	
Solve	
Input Output	
3 9	
5 15 6 18	24; 30; 36
8	· · ·
10	Rule = Multiply by 3
12	
: B	
Solve	
Input Output	
1 6	36; 48; 54
5 30	
6	Rule = Multiply by 6
8	
9	
C	
Solve	
<u>Input Output</u> 2 10	
2 10 3 15	35; 45; 50
6 30	
7	Rule = Multiply by 5
9	
10	
. D	

solve side of the card and refer to the opposite side for the answers.

Solve Input Output 2 8 4 16 5 20 6 7 9 E	24; 28; 36 Rule = Multiply by 4
Solve	
Input Output 2 14 3 21 4 28 5 6 7	35; 42; 49 Rule = Multiply by 7
Solve	
Input Output 2 16 3 24 4 32 7 8 9	56; 64; 72 Rule = Multiply by 8
: G	
Solve Input Output	63; 72; 81 Rule = Multiply by 9

Solve	Input Output 14	25; 50; 100 Rule = Divide by 2
Solve	Input Output 12	8; 9; 10 Rule = Divide by 3
Solve	Input Output	6; 7; 9 Rule = Divide by 4
Solve	Input Output 15	6; 8; 9 Rule = Divide by 5

	y
Solve Input Output 12 2 18 3 24 14 36 42 60 M	6; 7; 10 Rule = Divide by 6
· <u>Solve</u>	
Input Output	7; 8; 9 Rule = Divide by 7
- <u>Solve</u>	
Input Output 16 2 24 3 32 4 40 48 64	5; 6; 8 Rule = Divide by 8
<u> </u>	
Solve Input Output 9	4; 5; 8 Rule = Divide by 9

Solve	
Input Output 12	57; 63; 81 Rule = Add 2
Solve Input Output 23 33 46 56 47 57 62 85 93 R	72; 95; 103 Rule = Add 10
Solve Input Output 25 50 50 75 100 125 200 225 250 S	225; 250; 275 Rule = Add 25
Solve Input Output 25 75 50 100 75 125 100 125 200 T	150; 175; 250 Rule = Add 50

Solve Input Output 3 8 17 22 25 30 34 45	39; 50; 76 Rule = Add 5
71 U	
Solve Input Output	19; 27; 52 Rule = Add 7
Solve Input Output 25 45 37 57 40 60 72 80 101 W	92; 100; 121 Rule = Add 20
Solve Input Output 38 238 74 274 125 325 205 350 379 X	405; 550; 579 Rule = Add 200

	·
Solve Input Output 15 12 19 16 46 43 55 67 90 Y	52; 64; 87 Rule = Subtract 3
Solve Input Output 17 13 20 16 49 45 58 61 88 Z	54; 57; 84 Rule = Subtract 4
Solve Input Output 11 6 24 19 30 25 51 75 100 AA	46; 70; 95 Rule = Subtract 5
Solve Input Output 10	23; 35; 56 Rule = Subtract 9

Calua	
Solve Input Output 48 38 127 117 165 155 290 310 700 CC	280; 300; 690 Rule = Subtract 10
Solve Input Output 58 28 60 30 76 46 100 143 230 DD	70; 113; 200 Rule = Subtract 30
Solve Input Output 60 10 100 50 177 127 225 350 460 EE	175; 300; 410 Rule = Subtract 50
Solve Input Output 286 186 351 251 465 365 598 609 894 FF	498; 509; 794 Rule = Subtract 100

Solve and Switch Enrichment

Solve	Input Output	;	•
		Rule =	
A		Α	
<u>Solve</u>	Input Output		
		; Rule =	
В		В	
<u>Solve</u>	Input Output		
		; Rule =	
C		С	
Solve	Input Output		
		; Rule =	
D		D	

Pepe's Desserts

1. Pepe sells pie at his restaurant. Each pie is cut into 8 slices. Complete the function table to calculate the total number of slices of pie.

Rule: Multiply by 8

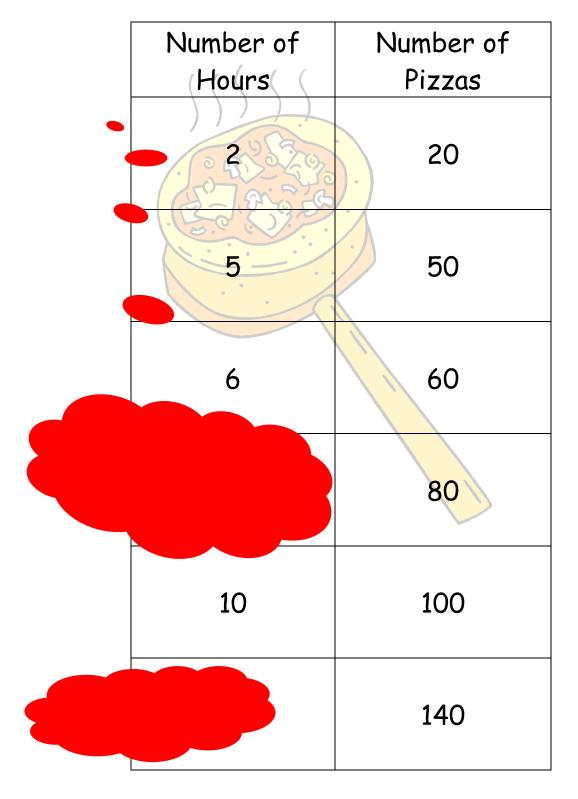
Number of Pies	Slices of Pie
6	
8	
9	
11	

2. Pepe sells his famous homemade cannolis in packages of 7. Help Pepe decide how many boxes he can fill based on the number of cannolis he may have made.

Rule: Divide by 7

Number of Cannolis	Number of Boxes
70	
49	
35 666	\cap I
14	. T

Time it Takes Pepe to Make Pizzas



Directions: Cut on the dotted lines. Fold on the solid line. (Rule: Multiply by 4)

Input	Output
5	20
Input	Output
	22
8	32
A	
: Input	Output :
	36
Input	Output
11	44
: A	

Directions: Cut on the dotted lines. Fold on the solid line. (Rule: Subtract 10)

Output
20
Output
40
Output
50
Output
80

Directions: Cut on the dotted lines. Fold on the solid line. (Rule: Add 6)

Input	Output
42	48
Input	Output
51	57
Input	Output
53	59
Input	Output :
	68

Directions: Cut on the dotted lines. Fold on the solid line. (Rule: Divide by 2)

Input	Output
4	2
4	
D	Outnut
Input	Output
10	5
:	
Input	Output
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	6
: : : D	
Input	Output
10	
18	9
: : D	

Student Resource 11A

Sloppy Sauce Solutions

Name _____

Rule: _____

Rule: _____

Input	Output
12	24
20	40
	80
100	200

Input	Output
17	25
	28
22	30
31	39

Rule: _____

Input	67	84	89	91	
Output	56	73	78	80	82

Rule:

Input	55	45		30	15
Output	11	9	7	6	3

Hamburger Heaven Needs Help

Name	

1.

Number of Hamburgers	Number of Pickles		
5	15		
10	N.		
15	45		
20	60		
25	75		

Hamburger Heaven always puts 3 pickles on each hamburger. Complete the function table to find the number of pickles that would be placed on 10 hamburgers.

A 5

© 35

® 10

- ① **40**
- 2. Wally the Waiter is folding napkins to set the tables. He recorded the number of napkins needed as he set the tables.

Number of Tables	1	2	3	4
Number of Napkins	4	8	12	16

What is the rule for the function table?

Part A

One out of every three customers at Hamburger Heaven orders a milk shake.

Total number of customers	Number of milkshakes sold
15	5
21-	7
27	9
?	11

How many customers visited	Hamburger	Heaven if	11 milkshakes	were
sold?				

Part B

•	why your answer is correct. Use what you know about function in your explanation. Use words, numbers and/or symbols in you ation.	
•		

1.

Input	Output
3	4
5	6
7	8
9	10
11	?

2.

Input	Output
3	1
5	3
6	4
8	,
9	7

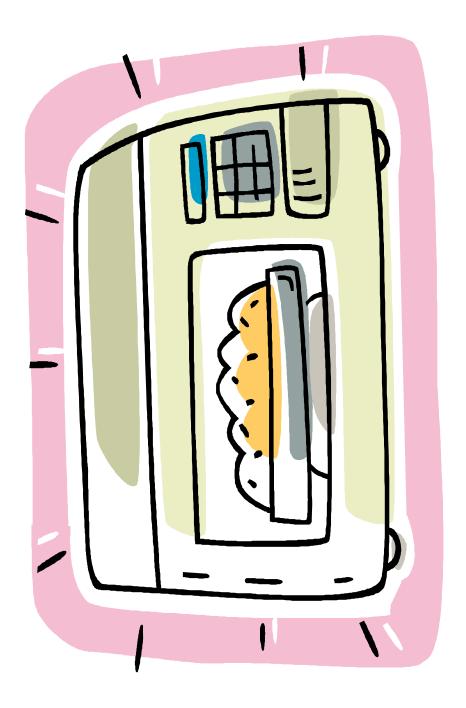
3.

Input	2	3	5	6
Output	6	?	15	18

4.

Input	45	30	25	20
Output	9	6	3	4

"Magic Oven" Function Box Graphic



Pepe Needs Your Help!

Name	

1. Pepe offers "Five Dollars Off Fridays" for each check total. Calculate the new check totals after the discount is applied on the function table below.

Rule: Subtract 5

Check Total	Check Total with Discount
\$45	\$40
\$51	\$46
\$57	\$52
\$67	\$62

2. Pepe always serves three more breadsticks than the number of customers seated at a table. Calculate the number of breadsticks needed for customers groups on the function table below.

Rule: Add 3

Number of Customers	Number of Breadsticks
7	10
9	12
10	13
13	16

Pepe's Desserts

Name	
name	

1. Pepe sells pie at his restaurant. Each pie is cut into 8 slices. Complete the function table to calculate the total number of slices of pie.

Rule: Multiply by 8

Number of Pies	Slices of Pie
6	48
8	64
9	72
11	88

2. Pepe sells his famous homemade cannolis in packages of 7. Help Pepe decide how many boxes he can fill based on the number of cannolis he may have made.

Rule: Divide by 7

Number of Cannolis	Number of Boxes
70	10
49	7
35 666	5
14	2

Sloppy Sauce Solutions

Name ____

Rule: _____

Rule: _____

	T
Input	Output
12	24
20	40
40	80
100	200

Input	Output
17	25
20	28
22	30
31	39

Rule: _____

Input	67	84	89	91	73
Output	56	73	78	80	82

Rule: _____

Input	55	45	35	30	15
Output	11	9	7	6	3

Hamburger Heaven Needs Help

1. Hamburger Heaven always puts 3 pickles on each hamburger. Complete the function table to find the number of pickles that would be placed on 10 hamburgers.

Number of Hamburgers	Number of Pickles	
5	15	
10	0 63	
15	45	
20	60	
25	75	
	© 30	
	① 45	

A 5B 10

2. Wally the Waiter is folding napkins to set the tables. He recorded the number of napkins needed as he set the tables.

Number of Tables	1	2	3	4
Number of Napkins	4	8	12	16

What is the rule for the function table? _____ multiply by 4

Part A

One out of every three customers at Hamburger Heaven orders a milk shake.

Total nu <mark>mber of customers</mark>	Number of milkshakes sold
15	5
21	7
27	9
? //	11

How many customers visited Hamburger Heaven if 11 milkshakes were sold?

55

Part B

Explain why your answer is correct. Use what you know about function tables in your explanation. Use words, numbers and/or symbols in your explanation.

I know function tables follow a rule to go from the input to the output. The rule for this table is divide by 3. $15 \div 5 = 3$; $21 \div 7 = 3$ $27 \div 9 = 3$. So, I think what number divided by 3 equals 11? $33 \div 3 = 11$